

S&T Campaign: Computational Sciences Advanced Computing Architectures

Manny Vindiola, (410) 278-9151
Manuel.m.vindiola.civ@mail.mil

Research Objective

- Neuromorphic computing is an emerging technology that promises intelligent real-time computing at extremely low power
- Our research focuses on discovering new neuromorphic programming techniques, and computing paradigms that will enable the development of future low-power adaptable cognitive computing systems



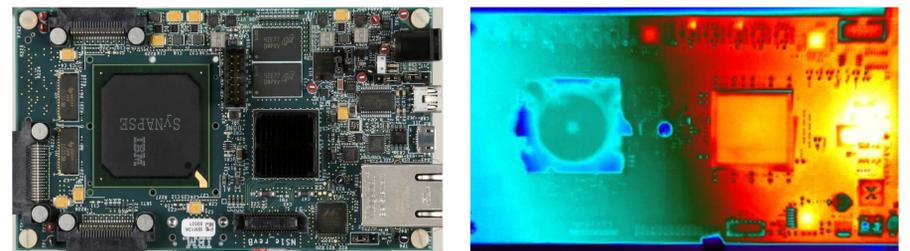
The low-power real-time computing capabilities of neuromorphic computing will enable devices capable of intelligent data-driven behaviors in power-constrained environments

Challenges

- Neuromorphic systems are fundamentally incompatible with most of the computing theory, techniques, and infrastructure that has emerged over the last 50 years
- Reasonably efficient mechanisms for representing and storing data using neuronal computing principles remain to be identified
- The best methods for designing and implementing efficient algorithms are yet to be discovered
- Fundamental approaches for integrating neuromorphic and classical computing need to be developed

ARL Facilities and Capabilities Available to Support Collaborative Research

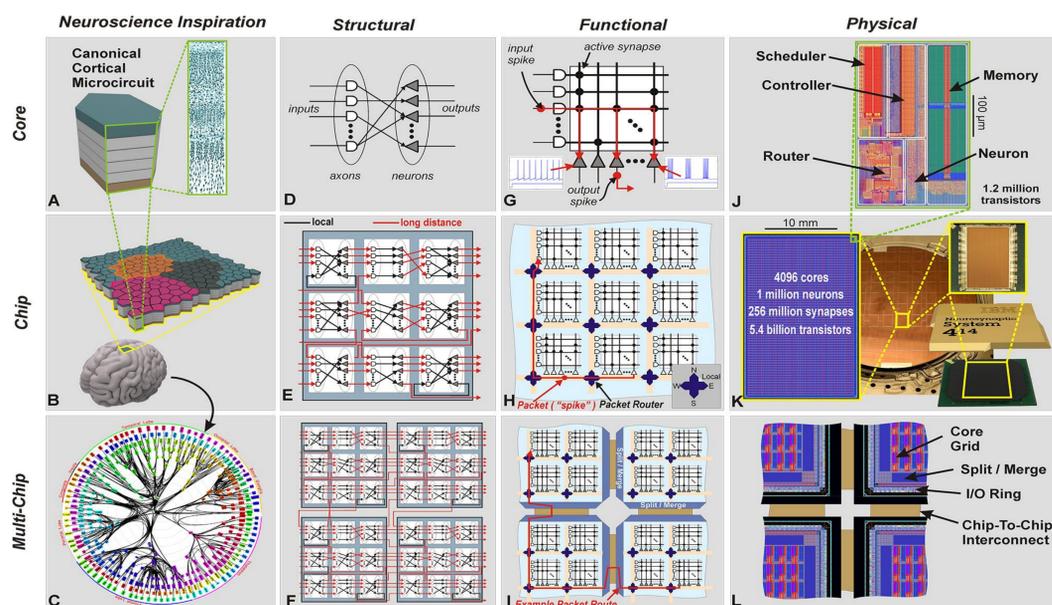
- A one of its kind research platform with 16 IBM NS1E TrueNorth neuromorphic computing systems capable of performing real-time low power mobile computing tasks
- State-of-the-art HPC facilities for training and testing deep neural networks for vision, audio, multi-modal integration, and other classification problems



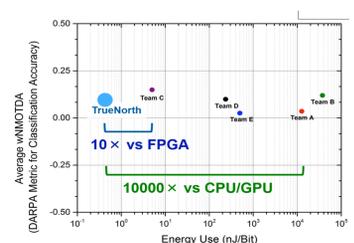
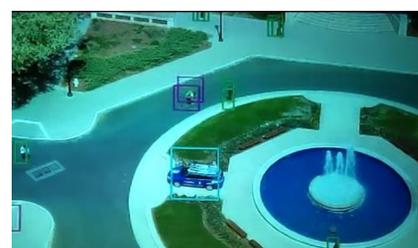
ARL's neuromorphic computing program utilizes the IBM NS1E mobile development system (top-right) that houses the low-power (top-left) IBM TrueNorth neuromorphic chip. ARL owns a one of its kind 16 NS1E system array (bottom).

Complementary Expertise/ Facilities/ Capabilities Sought in Collaboration

- We are seeking collaborations to apply our neuromorphic processing expertise and systems to develop:
 - Intelligent sensors that reduce power and bandwidth requirements by utilizing neuromorphic computing to perform intelligent real-time processing directly at the sensor
 - Adaptive autonomous systems that receive and integrate information from a distributed array of deployed intelligent sensors
 - Novel implementations of highly parallel scientific computing problems
- Postdoctoral fellowship opportunities are available



Fundamental properties of the IBM TrueNorth Neuromorphic processor



TrueNorth Neovision 2 performance demonstrates state-of-the-art video classification accuracy at unparalleled power usage rates