

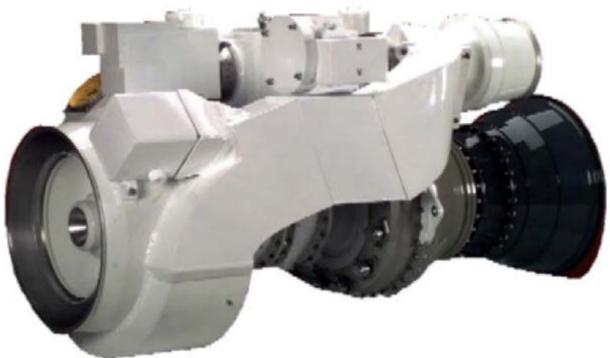


**S&T Campaign: Sciences for Maneuver
Energy and Propulsion**

Anindya Ghoshal, Ph.D., (410) 278-7358, anindya.ghoshal.civ@mail.mil
Muthuvel Murugan, Ph.D., (410) 278-7903, muthuvel.murugan.civ@mail.mil
Waldo Acosta, (216) 433-3393, waldo.a.acosta.civ@mail.mil

Research Objective

- Conduct rotorcraft-unique propulsion research to discover innovative and mature high-risk novel concept technology beneficial to enable hover efficient and faster forward flight engines
- Reduce specific fuel consumption and increase engine power density



Challenges

- High-heat release, compact combustors
- New, alternate propulsion concepts
- Efficient, compact, durable, lightweight turbomachinery
- High-temperature turbomachinery components, functionally graded materials and sensing, and associated probabilistic lifing assessments
- Engine-On-Demand (EOD) concepts, sequential combustion
- Mix-mode engine concepts (turbofan/turboshaft/turbojet)
- Conformable adaptive engines
- High-heat release, compact combustors
- New, alternate propulsion concepts

ARL Facilities and Capabilities Available to Support Collaborative Research

- High-Temperature Propulsion Components Laboratory (APG)
- Transonic Turbine Blade Research Facility (NASA Glenn)
- Small Engine Compressor Research Facility (NASA Glenn)
- Combustion Research Facility (NASA Glenn)
- Turbomachinery Heat Transfer Tunnel (NASA Glenn)



Turbine Nozzle

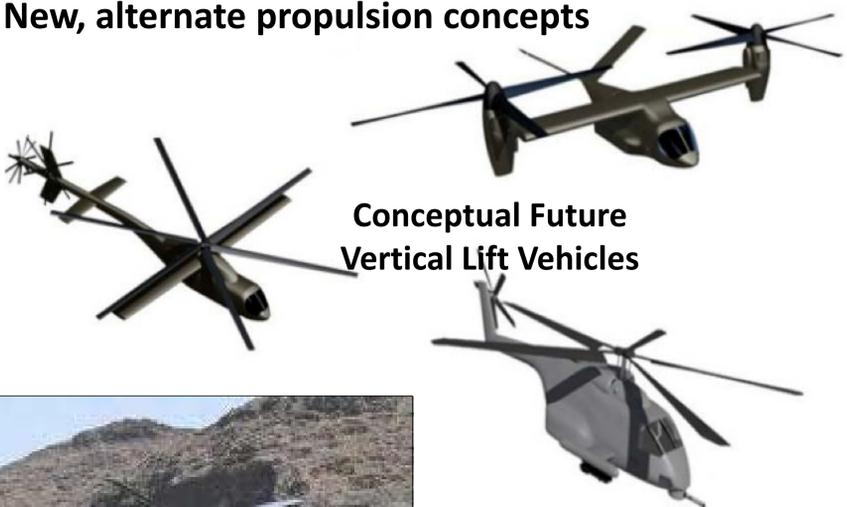
- Sand build up (glazing)
- Plugged cooling holes
- Nozzle oxidation
- CMAS attack
- Blades coated with melted sand
- Blade tip wear
- Plugged cooling holes
- CMAS attack



Turbine Rotor/Blades

Complementary Expertise/Facilities/Capabilities Sought in Collaboration

- Expertise in
 - Advanced propulsion concepts/cycles, advanced hybrid electric technologies
 - High-temperature smart materials for articulating turbine blade mechanisms, biomimicry
 - Sand-phobic, high-temperature coatings/components
 - Salt, fog, and hot corrosion resistant coatings for gas turbine components
 - Surface finish and dimensional tolerance potentials of stationary flow-path components for turbine engines fabricated with additive manufacturing
 - Additive manufacturing capability for components
 - Non-intrusive measurement techniques (e.g., compact laser anemometry, particle image velocimetry, wireless measurement reporting)
 - Flow physics modeling, high coupled fluid structure interaction physics under extreme temperature and pressure and high-speed rotation
 - High-temperature turbomachinery components
 - Functionally graded materials and sensing



Conceptual Future Vertical Lift Vehicles



Current Fleet Operates in Harsh Environments